



# **Fire Contaminants Research**

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## A little bit about me.....



- Professor in Fire Chemistry and Toxicity at University of Central Lancashire
- Specialist on the International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs, Volume 132 – 'Occupational exposure as a Firefighter', World Health Organization
- Member on the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering and Medicine, "The Chemistry of Urban Wildfires", USA
- Grenfell Inquiry Scientific Expert: to determine the fire derived toxicants and related deposits present in the Tower and their origins
- Expert Witness on Environmental Audit Committee, Toxic Chemicals in Everyday Life, House of Commons, UK Parliament
- European Parliament, MEPs Against Cancer (MAC), European Parliament Interest Group: Addressing the rate of cancers amongst firefighters
- UK's designated principal expert on Fire Chemistry to the ISO Fire Threat to People and the Environment subcommittee (ISO/TC92/SC3)





# Firefighting is one of the most hazardous occupations.



- Widespread use of plastics increases growth and severity of fires.
- Modern materials (plastics etc.) also produce higher concentrations of toxicants.
- Fire smoke is the biggest killer in fires, yet outside mass transport, it is completely unregulated

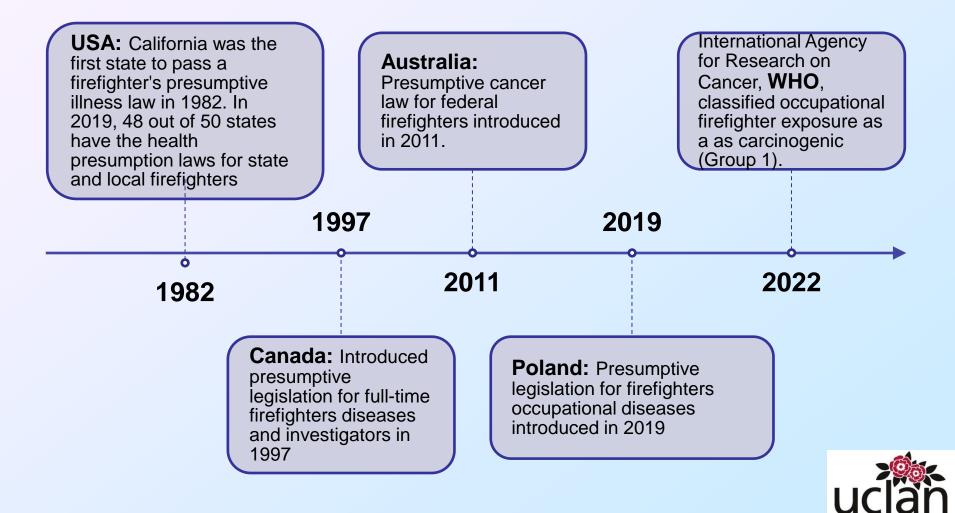




### Firefighters Occupational Cancers and Diseases



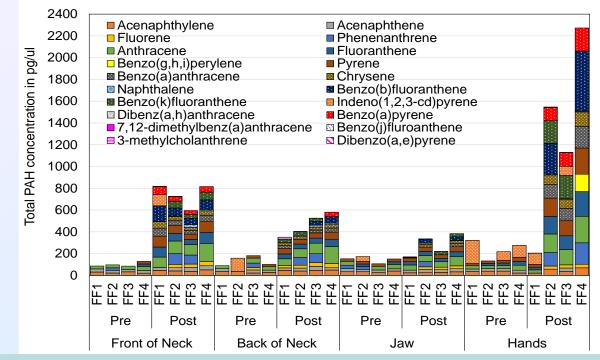
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### **Firefighters and Exposure to Contaminants**

- Aproximately 160 fire fighters: skin (face, neck, wrist, hands)
- Fire fighters clothing: SCBA masks, gloves, hood, zipflap
- Fire fighters offices, clothing rooms, fire engines bays and fire engines
- Approximately 600 samples (within 2.5 week) for the analysis of semi- and volatile organic compounds

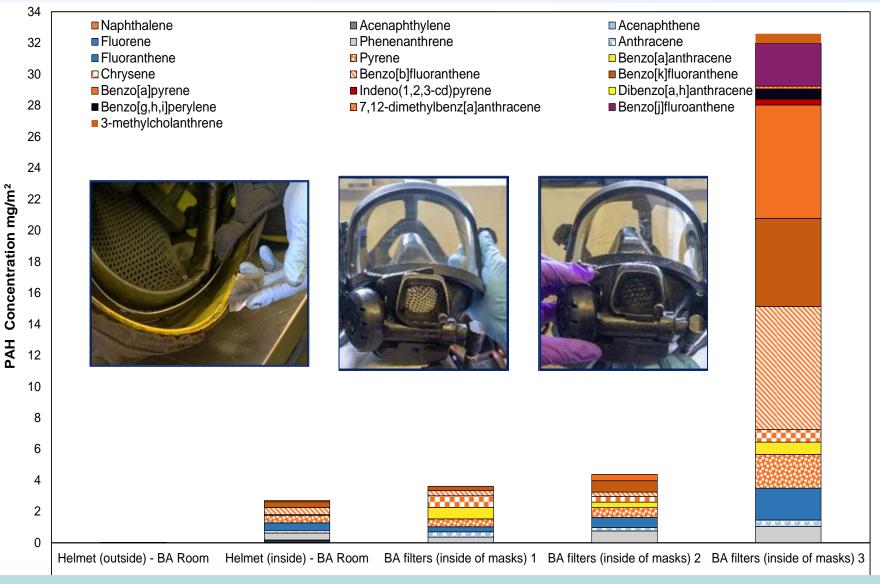




A A Stec et al., <u>Scientific Reports</u> volume 8, Article number: 2476 (2018)



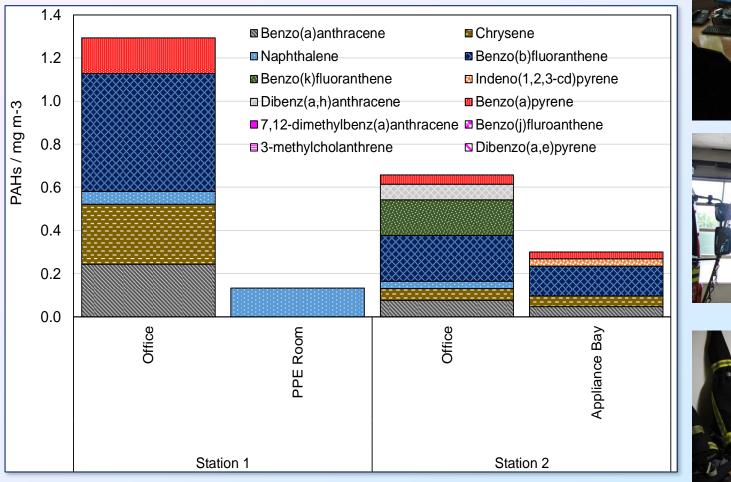
### **Firefighters and Exposure to Contaminants**



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### **Firefighters Exposure to Contaminants**









#### A A Stec et al., <u>Scientific Reports</u> volume 8, Article number: 2476 (2018)



## Fire Brigades Union – UCLan Research Project

To identify association (if any) between fire toxicants exposures and the increased occurrence of cancers and diseases among firefighters.

...so we can offer preventative health monitoring, education and support that is specifically designed to protect firefighter's health.....







## Minimising firefighters' exposure to toxic fire effluents

### **Interim Best Practice Report**





DECO FIRE CONTAMINANTS CAN INCREASE THE RISK OF CANCER AND OTHER DISEASES, But simple changes can help firefighters to protect their health, colleagues and p





### Minimising firefighters' exposure to toxic fire effluents Interim Best Practice Report

An independent report by uction with a foreword by FBU General Secretary Matt Wrack



Minimiziranje izloženosti vatrogasaca otrovnim efluentima

> Për minimizimin e ekzpozimit të zjarrfikësve ndaj rrjedhjeve toksike gjatë shuarjes së zjarrit

University of Central Lancashire

Minimalizacja narażenia strażaków na toksyczne produkty pożarowe Okresowy Raport Najlepszych Praktyk Niezależny raport autorstwa uccan z przedmową Sekretarza Generalnego FBU MattaWracka Na zlocenie

Minimiziranje izloženosti vatrogasaca otrovnim efluentima



Warszawa, 20 marca 2021 r.

BK-III-0754/2-3/21

wą rozdzielnika

Mając na uwadze trwający proces nowelizacji rozporządzenia Ministra Spraw Wewnętrznych i Administracji w sprawie szczegółowych warunków bezpieczeństwa Hinjejny służy strzaków Państwowej Straży Pozarnej, informuję co nastppuje.

Przedmiotowa nowelizacja wporwadzi w obiektach jednostek ratowniczogalniczych Paterowej Strzył Pozame jobowiąze wyznaczenia stryć cyzeja i brudnej stanowiącej układ pomieszczeń zapewniający wstępne umycie, dezymtekcję pranie odzieży upyosażonia, a natepnie ponowne umudurowanie i wyposażenie strzaża. Jest to od dawna wyczekkane wprowadznie w życie denego z elementów profilaktyki nowotworowej wkód strzałków. Ogłoszami nowelizacji ww. rozporządzenia jest planowane na bieżący rok, natomiast wymagania, o któbych mow s istniejących już obiektach przeznacznych dla jednostek ratowniczo-gaśniczych Państwowej Strzży Pozamej wprowadza ię do dnia 1 stycznia 2023 r.

W związku z powyższym proszę uwzględnić te bardzo istotne zapisy służące poprawie warunków służby strażaków i sukcesywnie dostosowywać obiekty poprzez dokonanie wymaganych zmian organizacyjnych, modernizacyjnych i planowania budzetowego.

#### Minimizar a exposição dos bombeiros aos agentes tóxicos provocados pelos incêndios

Relatório de boas práticas

Um relatório independente apresentado por UCLAN com prefácio do Secretário Geral de FBU, Matt Wrack

Minimalizace expozice hasičů toxickým zplodinám hoření

University of Central Lancashire



## **The UK Firefighter Contamination Survey**

#### Minimising firefighters' exposure to toxic fire effluents Interim Best Practice Report An independent report by util with a foreword by FBU General Secretary Matt Wrack



- Run for 3 months in 2020
- 64 questions
- Open to serving firefighters
- 10, 649 participants (~24% of UK's firefighters)



https://www.fbu.org.uk/publications/minimising-firefighters-exposure-toxic-fire

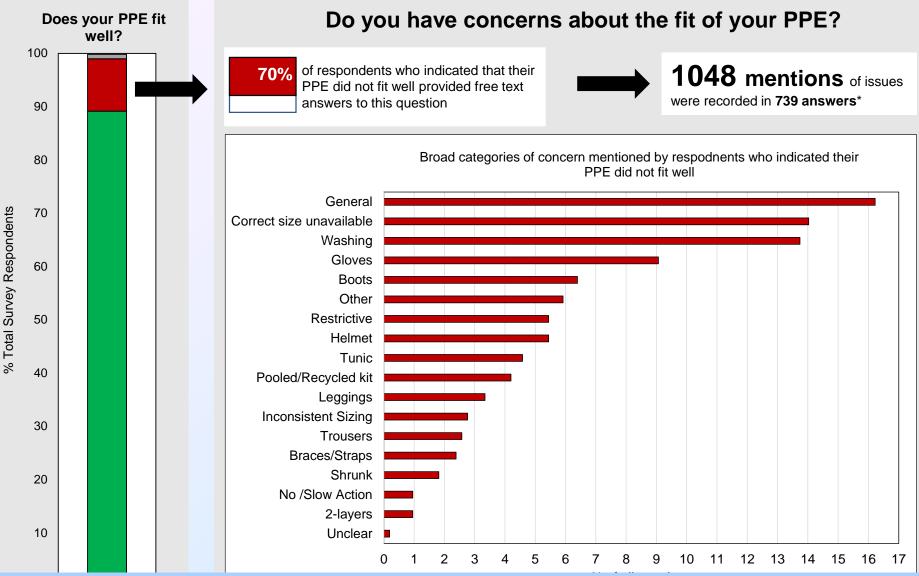


Firefighters' personal protective equipment (PPF) is a potential source of chronic exposure to toxic

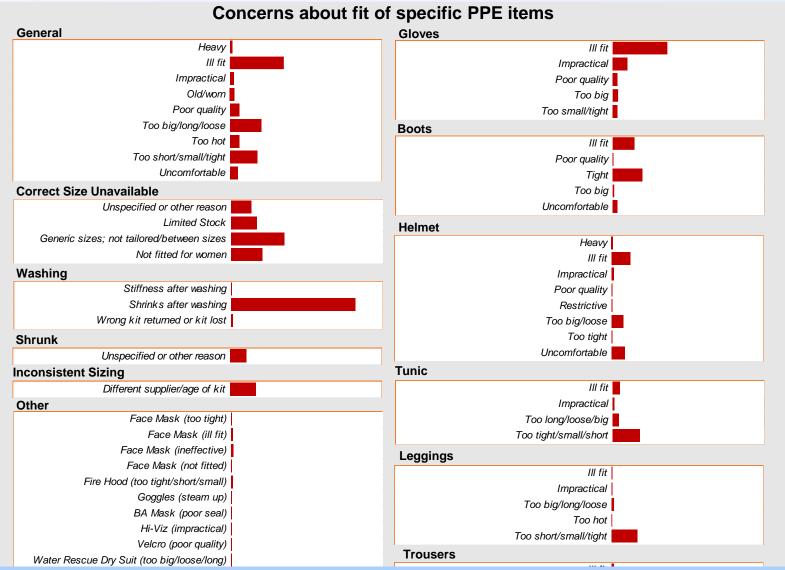
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Check for updates



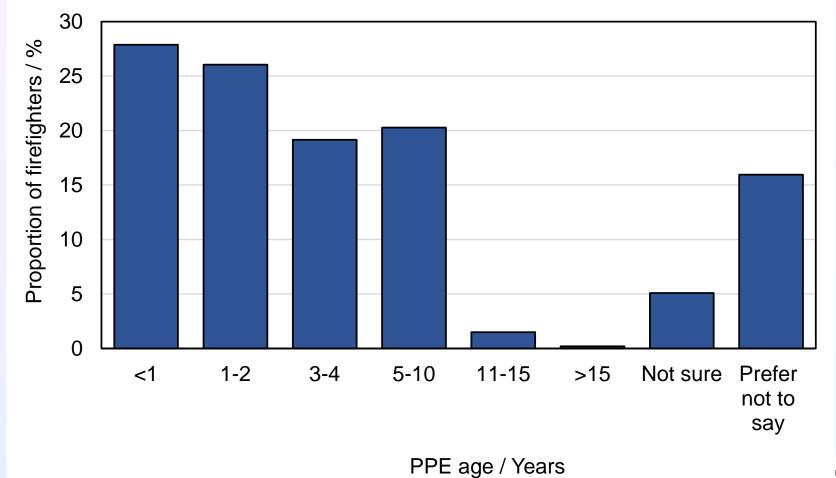






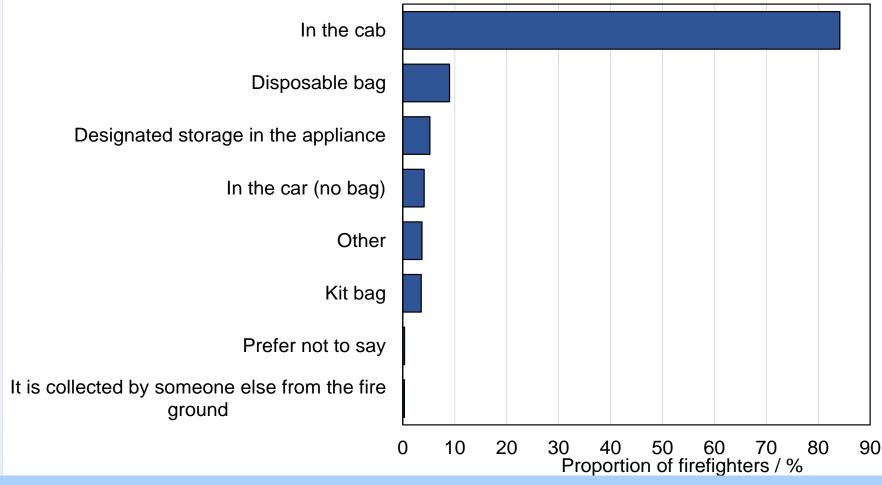


How old is your PPE? (n = 10,649)



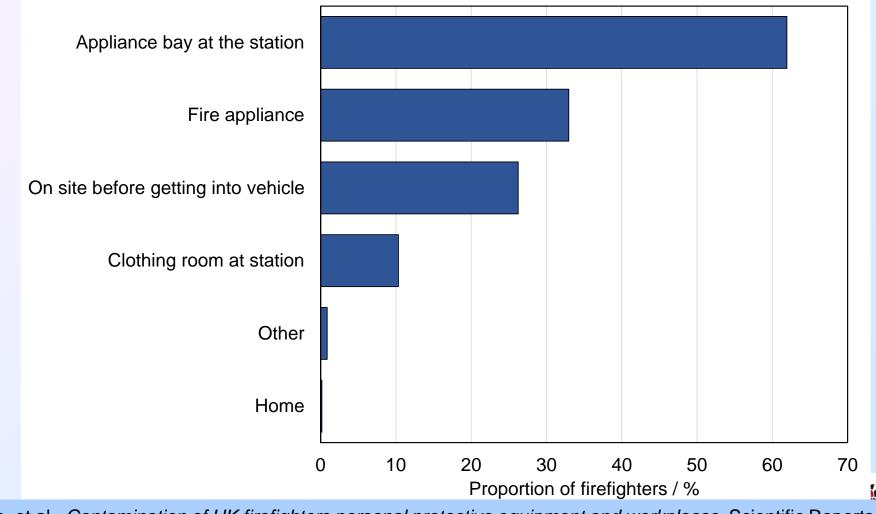


Where do you store your PPE while travelling from a fire incident? (n= 10, 649)



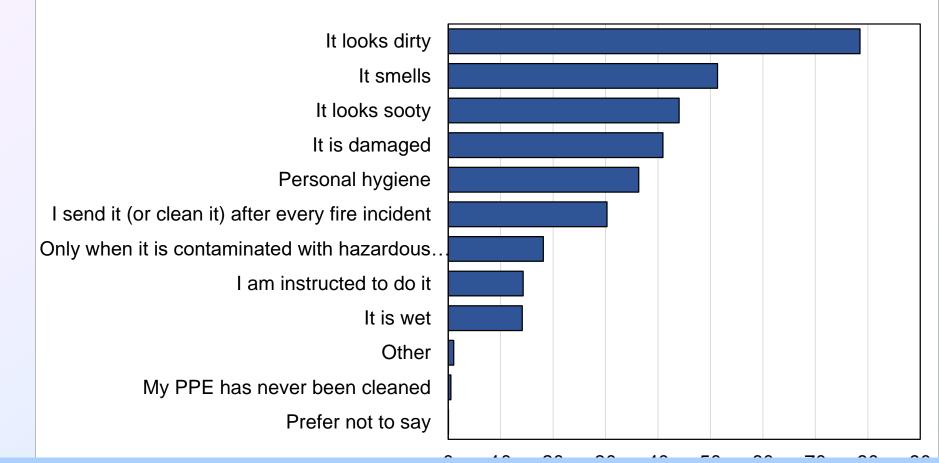


#### Where do you normally remove PPE after attending a fire? (n= 10, 649)

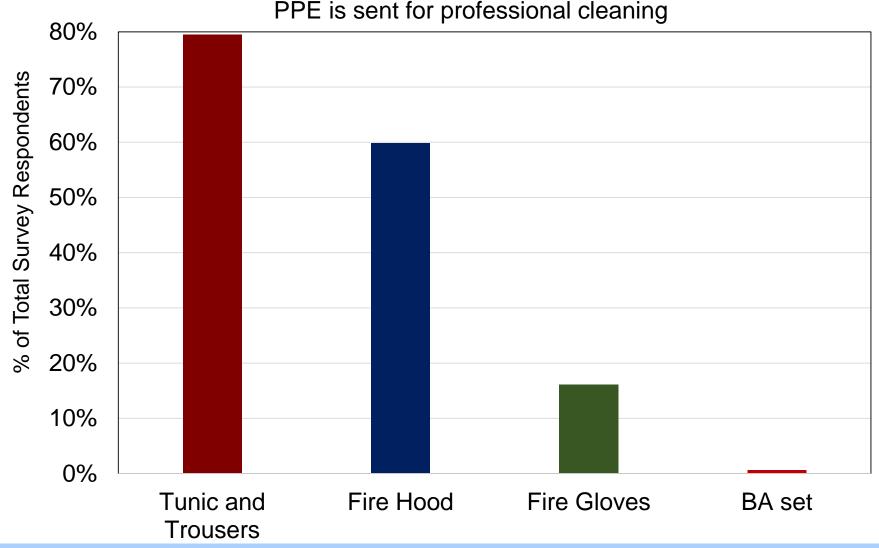




## What is the main reason for cleaning your PPE (or sending it to be cleaned)? (n= 9, 175)



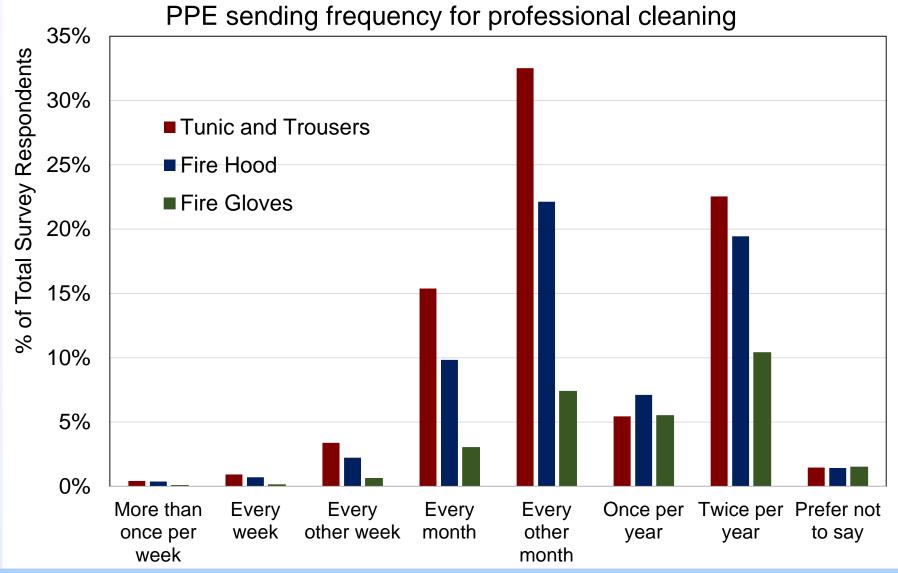




Wolffe, et al., Contamination of UK firefighters personal protective equipment and workplaces, Scientific Reports, 2023

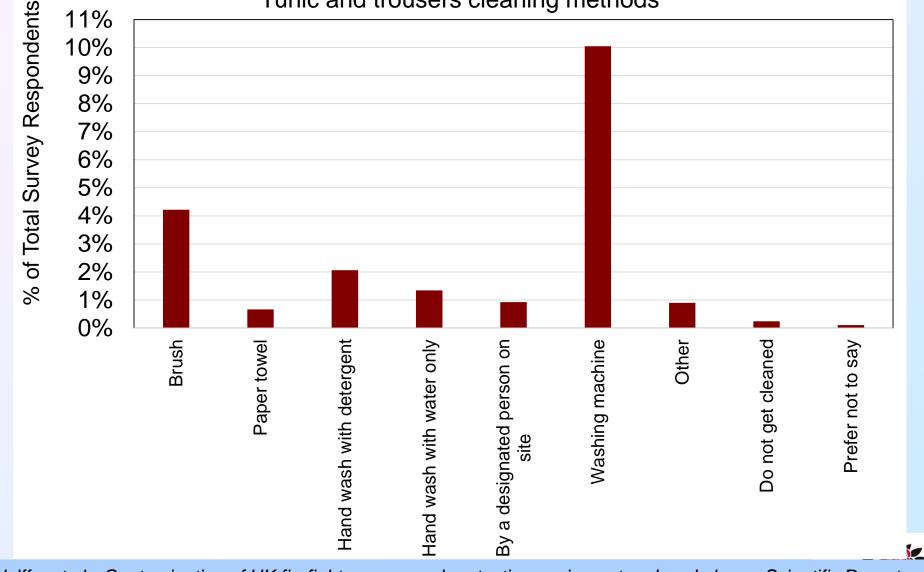
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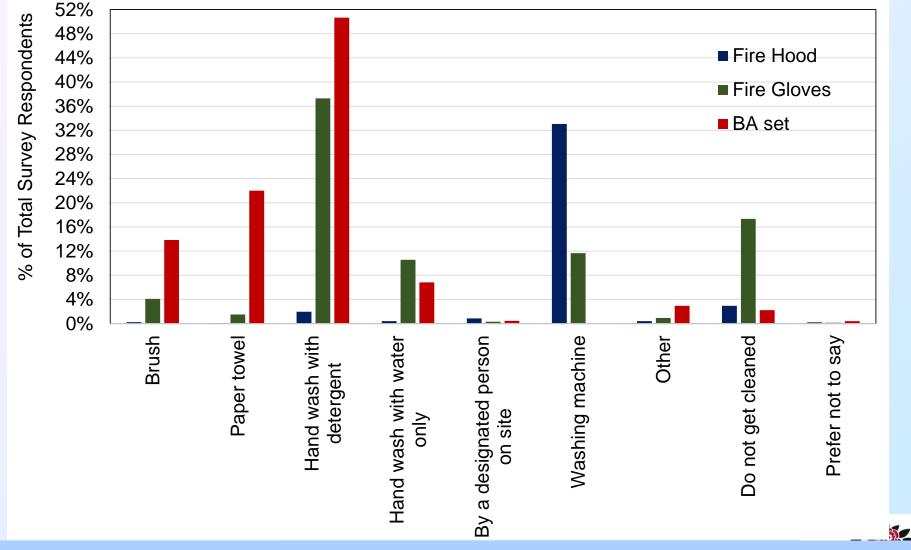


Tunic and trousers cleaning methods



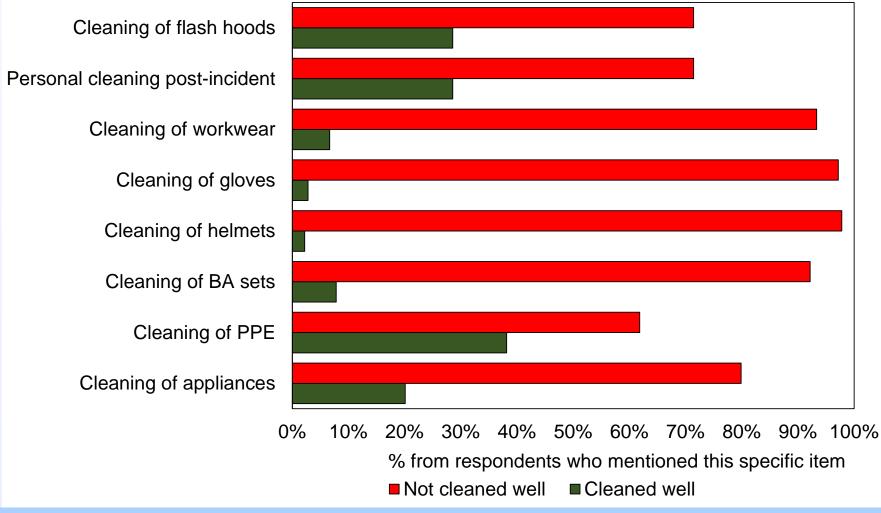


#### Other PPE cleaning methods



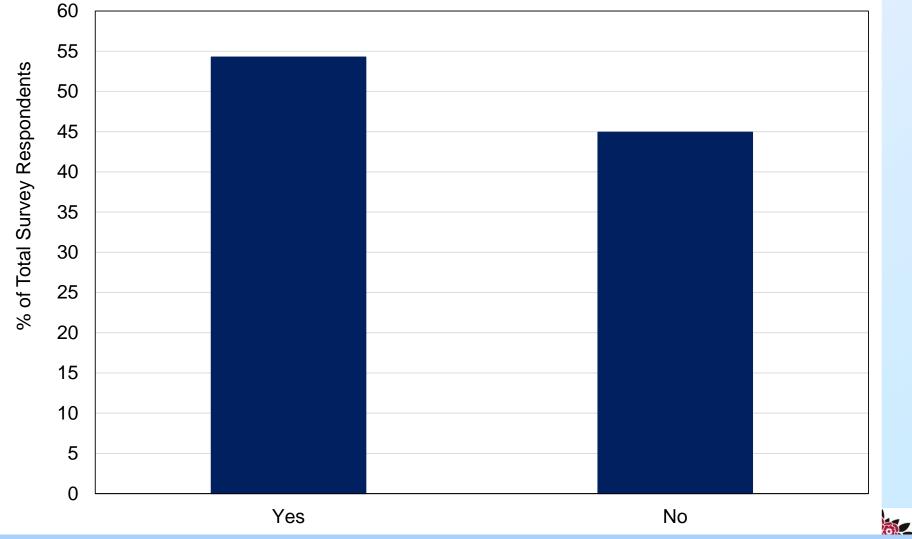


How well are specific items cleaned?



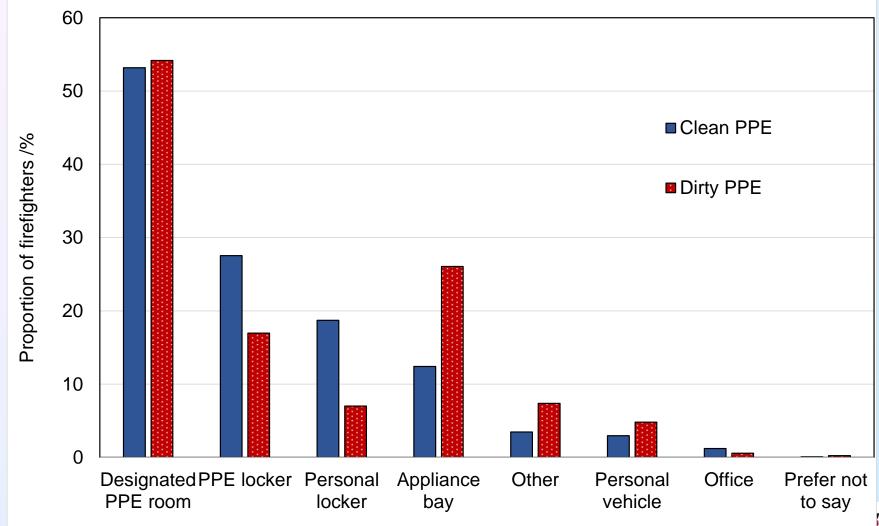


Is clean and dirty PPE stored separately?



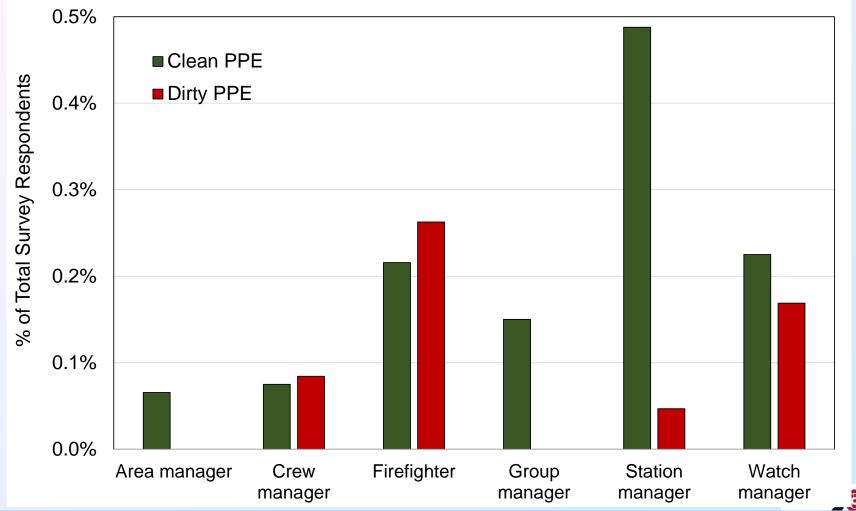


Where is clean and dirty PPE stored? (n= 10, 649)



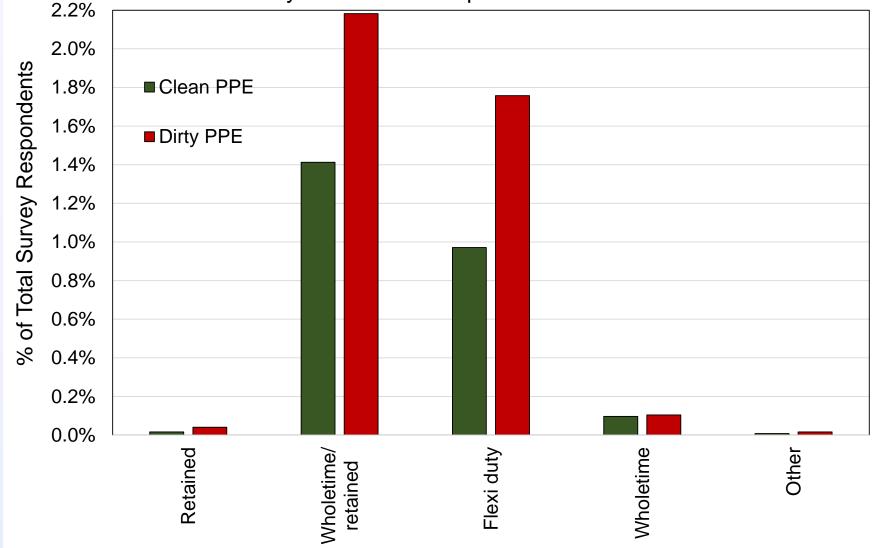


Do you store PPE in the office?





Do you store PPE in personal vehicle?

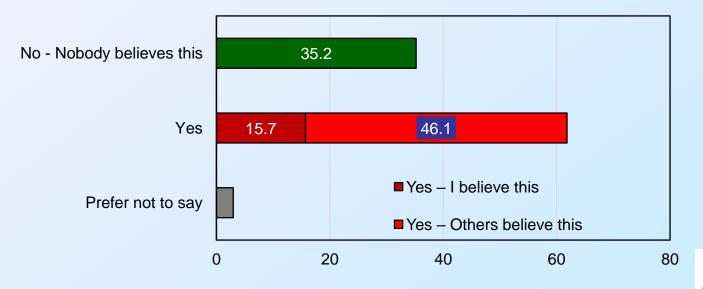




## **Culture and Awareness**

"Badge of honour" associated with practices leading to contaminant exposure:

- Never cleaning PPE
- Work in a station without designated clean/dirty areas
- Lack of training on fire contaminants (only 36% firefighters had received it)



#### Do you think the "badge of honour" attitude exists within the fire service?

Wolffe, et al., Culture and awareness of occupational health risks amongst UK firefighters, Scientific Reports, 2023



Results revealed that:

- Significant decreasing tendency to send PPE for cleaning after every incident with increasing length of service, and fire attendance frequency.
- Only 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of firefighters clean PPE after every incident.
- A number of issues arise through external professional cleaning services, e.g. shrinkage, fit, turn-around time, and stock of reserve/pooled PPE.
- Almost half of firefighters (45%) indicating clean and dirty PPE is not stored separately.
- More than half of firefighters (57%) store fire gloves within other items of PPE such as helmets, boots and tunic/trouser pockets.





### **PPE and Workplace Contamination**



### 84% firefighters often/sometimes attend fires without RPE







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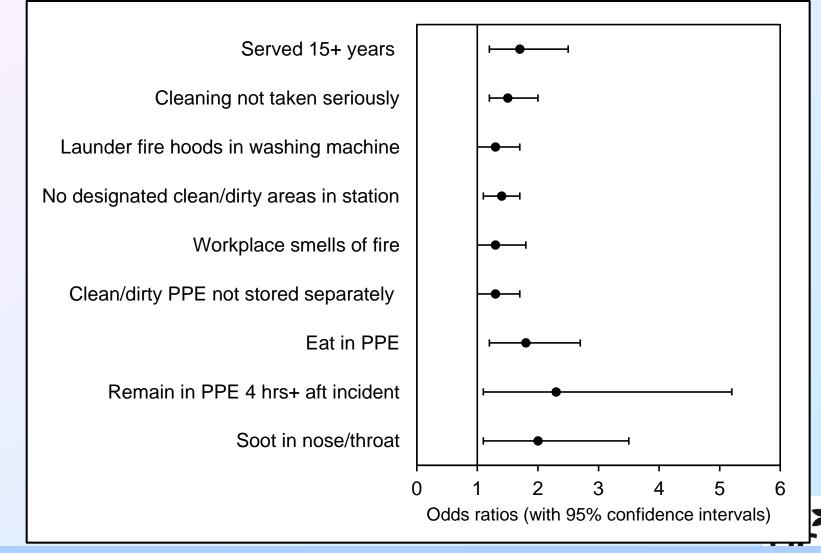
- 84% firefighters often/sometimes attend fires without RPE
- 82% eat while in PPE
- 63% eat with sooty hands
- Only 58% change workwear on return to the station







## Contaminant exposure and increased likelihood of cancer diagnosis



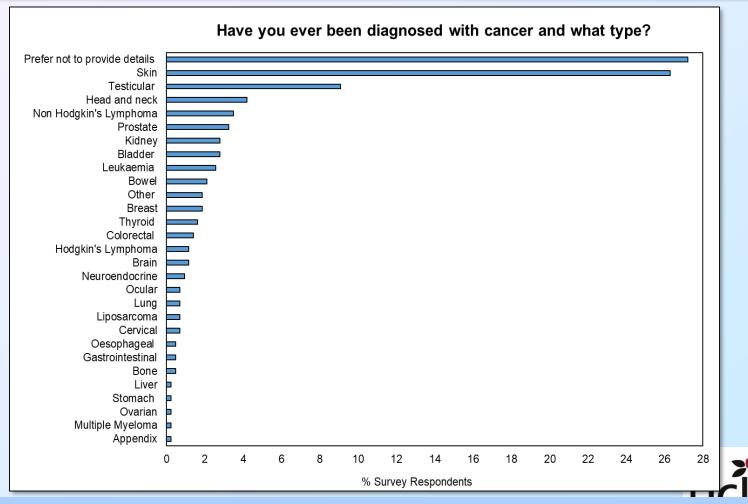
Wolffe, et al., Cancer incidence amongst UK firefighters, Scientific Reports, 2023



## **Cancer Incidence-Survey Results**

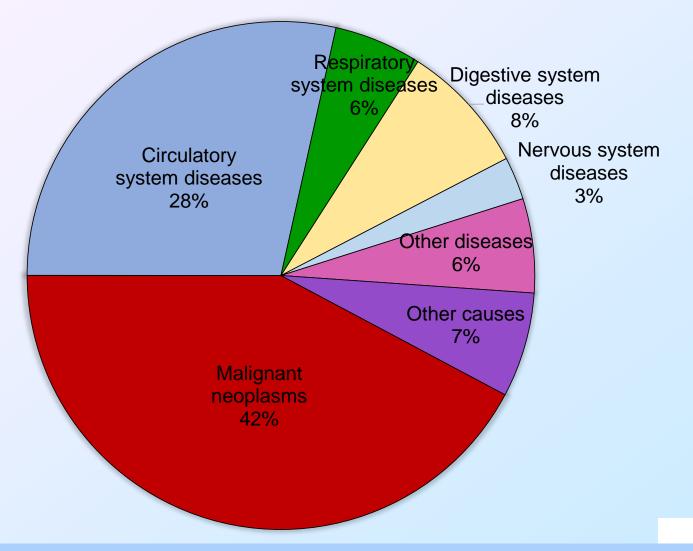
Over 4% of UK serving firefighters who responded to the survey have already been

diagnosed with cancer.



Wolffe, et al., Cancer incidence amongst UK firefighters, Scientific Reports, 2023

# Scottish male firefighter deaths for 2000-2020.



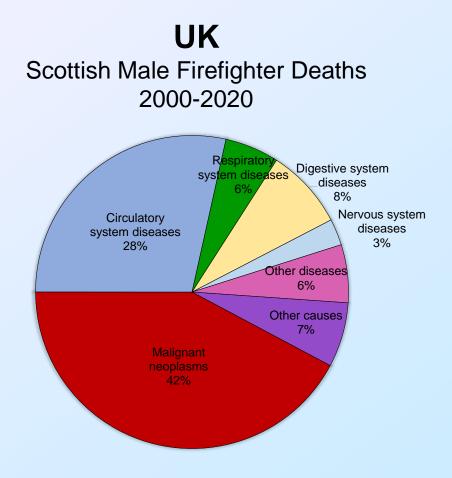
Stec et al., Scottish Firefighters Occupational Cancer and Disease Mortality Rates: 2000-2020, Occupational Medicine, 2023



## **Firefighters Cancer Mortality Rates**

Line of Duty Firefighters Deaths 2002-2020 Respiratory system diseases 3% Trauma Cardiovascular 5% /Stroke Undertermined 17% 3% Other diseases 5%

**USA** 





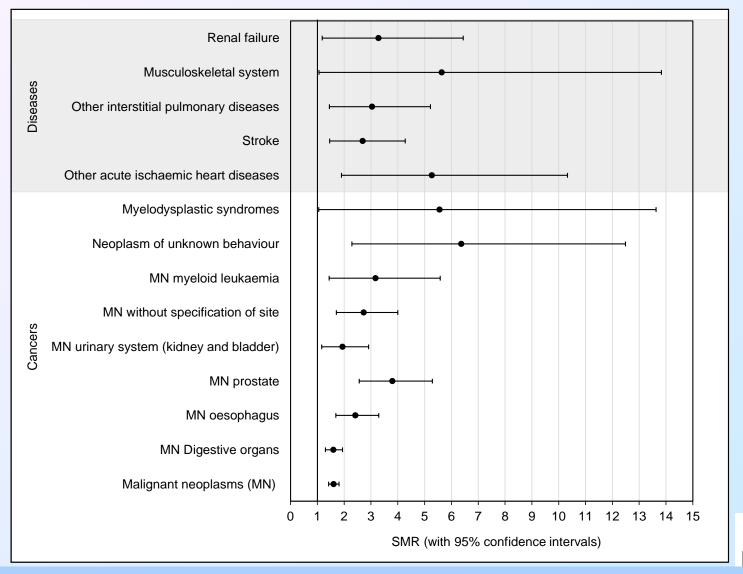
International Association of Firefighters, https://www.iaff.org/ 2023

Stec et al., Scottish Firefighters Occupational Cancer and Disease Mortality Rates: 2000-2020, Occupational Medicine, 2023



#### Scottish male firefighter deaths for 2000-2020.

• Multiple exposures and routes of exposure cause likely more than one type of cancer.



Stec et al., Scottish Firefighters Occupational Cancer and Disease Mortality Rates: 2000-2020, Occupational Medicine, 2023



## **Firefighters and Cancers**

- Firefighters get these cancers earlier in life.
- Multiple exposures and routes of exposure cause likely more than one type of cancer.

	Peak Mortality Age	
	Scottish Firefighters	Scottish Population
Cancer of Unknown origin	<b>60</b> -64	75-79
Bladder	<b>70</b> -74	85-89
Oesophageal	<b>60</b> -64	75-79
Kidney	<b>55</b> -59	80-84
Leukaemia	<b>65</b> -69	85-89
Mesothelioma	<b>60</b> -64	85-89
Multiple myeloma	<b>65</b> -69	85-89
Cardiac Arrest	<b>60-</b> 64	80-84



Stec et al., Scottish Firefighters Occupational Cancer and Disease Mortality Rates: 2000-2020, Occupational Medicine, 2023



## What's next?

## Health Monitoring



## Conclusions

- Firefighters deserve the best preventative medical care, education, and support to reduce the risk of cancer.
  - Better decontamination policies needed
  - Training and Awareness
  - Preventative health monitoring

**Percival Pott:** First to demonstrate scrotal cancer caused by soot **First preventative Legislation!** 







## Thank you for your attention

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